Human-Oriented Robotics

Bs/Ms-course

Lecturer: Prof. Kai Arras

Lab Instructors: Timm Linder, Billy Okal, Luigi Palmieri

Social Robotics Lab, University of Freiburg

Robots and Humans

Human-Oriented Robotics
Prof. Kai Arras
Social Robotics Lab







Classical image of robots as factory workers







A new generation of robots

- These robots are impressive but also very limited
- With significant progress in theories (in robotics, artificial intelligence, machine learning, computer vision) and hardware (embedded computing, sensing technologies), new applications come into reach
- Examples: medical, health-care, elderly-care robots, domestic robots (mainly floor-care), entertainment robots, robots in service, defense, agriculture, logistics, telepresence robots, autonomous cars and many more
- Industry is not the only application area anymore
- In all these applications, robots and human are sharing physical and emotional spaces



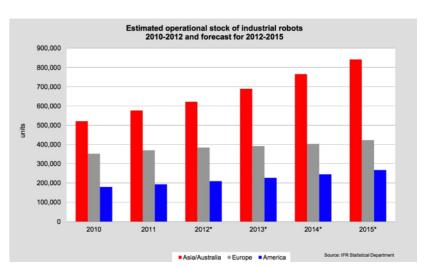
Scientific challenges

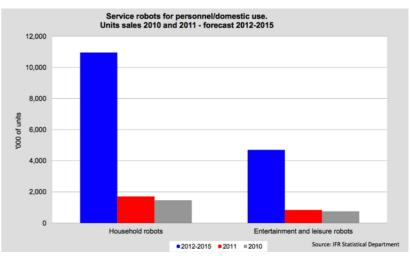
- Overall: make robots ready for this change
- Further improve the robotics key technologies towards successful operation in human environments
 - perception from sensory data
 - modeling, cognition, and learning
 - task and motion planning
 - control and system integration
- Example problems: detecting and recognizing humans and human activities, learning and modeling human behavior, planning among humans, designing human-robot interaction and interfaces, etc.
- Short-term goal: build safer, more efficient and more acceptable systems
- Long-term goal: believable and sustainable human-robot relationships



This is not science fiction

- World population of robots is growing quickly
- Industrial robots:
 - ~1.4 Mio worldwide
 - Yearly sales of 160,000 units (2011)
 - Expected yearly growth 9% (IFR 2012)
- Service robots:
 - ~7 Mio worldwide (2010: iRobot announces sales of 5 Mio Roombas)
 - Yearly sales of 2.5 million units (2011)
 - Expected yearly growth: 50% (IFR 2012)
- Germany has third largest robot density (after Japan and South Korea)



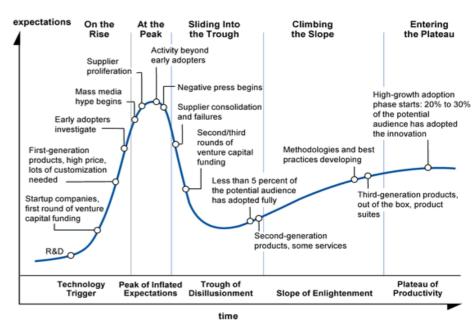




This is not science fiction

- Isn't this another hype?
- Al made audacious promises in the 1960s
- Failure to meet the expectations resulted in Al winter (70s and 80s)
- Today: AI-based technologies such as speech, face, gesture, pedestrian recognition are reaching productive plateau

Gartner Hype Cycle



- "We tend to overestimate the effect of a technology in the short run and underestimate the effect in the long run" (a.k.a. Amara's law)
- On the rise: autonomous cars, mobile robots, health- and elderly-care robots
- Alternative model: market takes off like a sputtering engine





Paro

- Assistive robot, elderly/health-care
- Baby seal design
- Developed by AIST, Japan
- Studies showed that Paro has a calming effect and elicits emotional responses in patients of hospitals and nursing homes, similar to animal-assisted therapy
- Paro has tactile sensors and responds to petting by moving its tail and opening and closing its eyes. It also responds to sounds, can show emotions and can learn a name
- Price: 3000 Euro or 170 Euro/month
- In use worldwide since 2004



Care-O-Bot III

- Assistive robot, elderly care
- Developed by Fraunhofer IPA, Stuttgart
- Tasks: fetch-and-carry tasks, multimedia console, health state supervision, transport tasks in nursing homes and hospitals, support care personnel, etc.
- Research prototype
- Price: ~250 kEUR
- Goal: increase independence and living quality
- Does this technology socially isolate elderly people? Or does it allow care personnel to focus more on their social tasks?







Ava / Beam

- Social telepresence
- Developed by iRobot (Ava), Willow Garage (Beam), many others (currently a hot topic)
- Main idea: participate in remote meetings, save traveling cost and time, getting (medical) experts on-line, etc.
- Price: several 100 to 1000 EUR
- Sales are starting now (2014)
- Is this the **new killer application** for mobile robots after floor care?



Baxter and Co.

- Manufacturing
- Developed by Rethink Robotics, US
- Very similar: Nextage (Kawada), Justin (DLR)
- Work side-by-side with people, no barriers
- Promises: performs a variety of repetitive production tasks while safely and intelligently working next to people. It requires no complex programming or costly integration
- Rather new research area: human-robot collaboration a.k.a. human-robot teaming
- Price: ~22,000 \$ (Baxter)





From top: Baxter (Rethink Robotics), Nextage (Kawada), Justin Rollin (DLR)

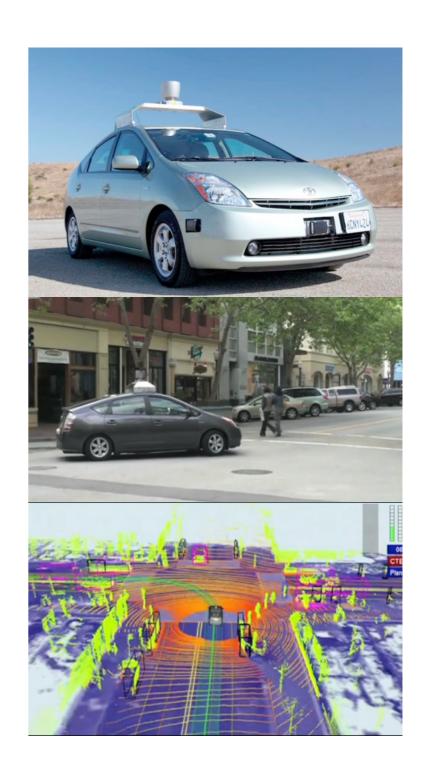
Kiva Systems

- Logistics and warehouse automation
- Developed by Kiva Systems, US
- This is what happens when you click Buy at amazon.com
- Tasks: picking, sortation, replenishment
- A lot of "cheating" from a robotics perspective: no localization and SLAM, no path planning but a lot of low-level adaptive control and environment modifications
- Robots operate in the same space with people, no barriers
- 2012: Amazon acquires Kiva Systems for \$775
 Million



Google Driverless Car

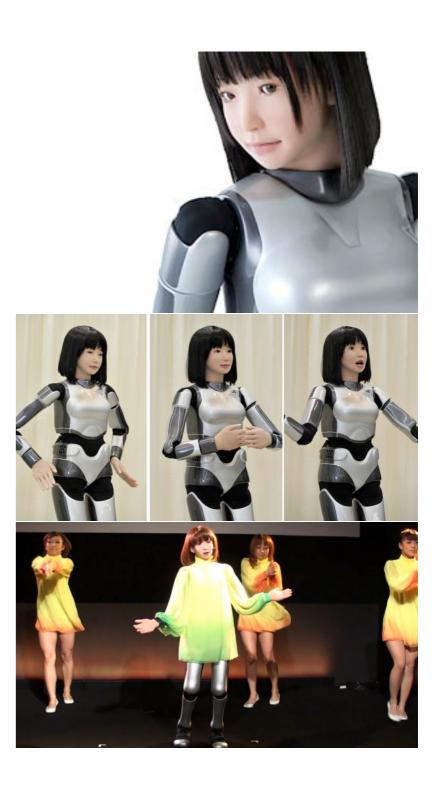
- Developed by Google Research
- Expected to make driving safer, more enjoyable, and more efficient
- 2011: Nevada passes two bills that make it legal for autonomous vehicles to operate on public roads
- 2012: completed over 300,000 autonomousdriving miles (500 000 km), accident-free
- Might enter market in 2017
- Price of prototype: 30 k\$ (car) + 150 k\$
 (equipment) + 70 k\$ (3D laser scanner)
- Other car manufacturers are actively introducing sophisticated driver assistance systems, e.g. with pedestrian detection (Volvo, Mercedes, etc.)





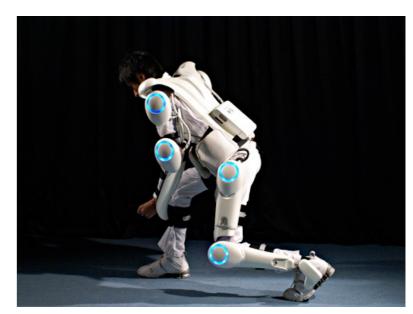
HRP-4C (Miim)

- Entertainment
- Developed by AIST, Japan
- Miim can move like a human (30 dofs, 8 dofs for facial expressions), respond using speech recognition, recognize ambient sounds, sing, etc.
- Additional applications: fashion shows, human simulator for evaluation of devices
- Background: Japan promotes humanoid robotics to improve the productivity and quality of life, in particular for "3D job" (dirty, dangerous, demanding)
- Price: ~250,000 \$



Robot Suit HAL

- Health, rehabilitation
- Developed by Cyberdyne, Japan
- Powered exoskeleton for rehabilitation, rescuers in disaster sites or heavy labor workers in factories or construction
- Sensors on the skin capture nerve signals from the brain to the muscles. HAL moves the joint simultaneously to the wearer's muscle movement
- 2012: HAL suits used by 130 different medical institutions across Japan
- 2013, HAL is powered exoskeleton to receive global safety certification
- Price: 2,000 \$ per month







Mint Cleaner (Braava)

- Floor care
- Developed by Evolution Robotics, US
- Dusts and wet-mops hard surface floors (no vacuum cleaner)
- Systematic coverage thanks to NorthStar navigation system, projects IR spot on ceiling
- Multi-room navigation, learns a map
- Sales >200,000 units (2012)
- Price: ~200 € (amazon.de)
- 2012: Evolution Robotics has been acquired by iRobot for 74 Mio \$. Now sold as iRobot Braava







Summary

- It's not science fiction, it's really happening
- Research in the discussed areas that can be subsumed as human-oriented or human-centered robotics is currently very active

This course

- This course will introduce basic and advanced concepts from robotics, machine learning, artificial intelligence and human-robot interaction that consider the "human in the loop"
- General-purpose course in advanced robotics even if you are not interested in the "human" aspect
- The course will cover **6 of 10 methods** that the highly cited article "Top 10 algorithms in data mining" by Wu et al., 2008, has identified as most influential algorithms in the research community

Introduction

Introduction

Basics

- Matlab/Octave introduction
- Probability refresher, common distributions
- Probabilistic reasoning, Bayes networks and Markov chains

Perception of Humans

- Supervised learning: logistic regression, naive Bayes, k-NN, SVM, AdaBoost, cross-validation
- Unsupervised learning: EM and clustering: GMM, k-means, hierarchical clustering
- Hidden Markov Models (HMM), representation, inference and learning
- Kalman Filter and Particle Filter, filtering and smoothing
- Tracking and data association: NN, GNN, PDAF, MHT

Planning among Humans

- Robot motion planning: A*, Theta*, potential fields, obstacle avoidance, PRM, RRT
- From plans to policies: Markov Decision Processes (MDP)

Interaction with Humans

Introduction to Human-Robot Interaction

Organization



Lectures

- Hours: Tuesday 10-12, Room SR 01-018, Building 101
- Language: English
- Recordings: I want you to participate :-) so no recordings
- **Requirements:** no formal requirements. The course "Introduction to Mobile Robotics" is recommended.
- www: http://srl.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/humanorientrobotics

Exercises

- Hours: Thursday 12-14, Room SR 01-018, Building 101
- Solving and submitting the exercise sheets does influence the exam grade
- No exam admission requirements
- In general, assignments will be published on Tuesday and have to be submitted the following Tuesday before class

Exam: oral

Introduction

Finally...

- This is a new course
- Content may slightly change, for example as a function of progress
- Your feedback is welcome
- This is a specialized course with relatively few students, let's make this interactive

Note:

- No exercise in week 44: Thursday, October 30
- This week's exercise: install Matlab (1h), Matlab/Octave tutorial (1h)
 - Get a Rechenzentrum account
 - Install Matlab (see course homepage for instructions)